

**\*Do all of the following problems in your notebook\***

For the following quadratics, list the transformations, the vertex, and what type of  $x$ -intercepts it has. Then, make a sketch of the graph.

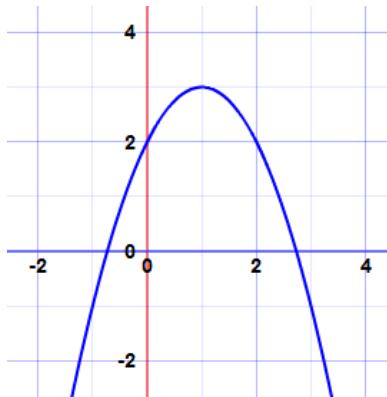
$$\begin{array}{lll} 1) y = 5(x + 6)^2 - 3 & 2) y = -2(x - 6)(x + 2) & 3) y = -x^2 + 6x - 9 \\ 4) y = \frac{1}{2}(x + 3)^2 - 2 & 5) y = (x - 4)^2 + 1 & \end{array}$$

Solve the following by factoring, taking the square root of both sides, or the quadratic formula. Use your calculator to check your work. No graph required.

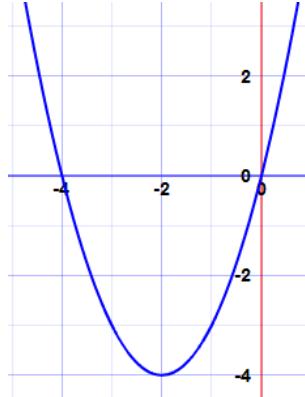
$$\begin{array}{lll} 6) (x - 2)^2 + 10 = 110 & 7) x^2 + 4x - 3 = 0 & 8) x^2 + 4x - 6 = 0 \\ 9) x^2 - 15 = 35 & 10) 3x^2 + 6x + 3 = 0 & 11) 4(x + 3)^2 - 3 = 97 \\ 12) x^2 - 8x = -19 & 13) 2x^2 + 4x - 5 = 0 & 14) 3x^2 + 18x + 27 = 0 \\ 15) 5x^2 + x - 6 = 3x^2 + 2x + 9 & 16) -x^2 + 3x = -10 & 17) x^2 - 1 = 0 \\ 18) x^2 + 4x + 4 = 0 & 19) x^2 + 3x = 0 & 20) 6x^2 + 11x + 3 = 0 \\ 21) 3(x + 2)^2 = 22 & 22) \frac{1}{2}(x - 3)^2 = 18 & 23) -x^2 + 12 = 0 \end{array}$$

Write the quadratic equation from the given graph or the provided information.

24)



25)



26) Transformations: shift left 3, shift up 8, reflect  $x$ -axis, vertical stretch by 2

27) Transformations: shift right 1, shift down 2

Write a quadratic equation in standard form with the given roots.

$$28) x = -5, x = 1 \quad 29) x = 2 \text{ Double Root} \quad 30) x = \frac{1}{2}, x = -7$$